



Attorney Docket: YOR920000807US1

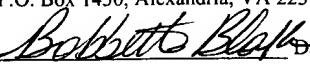
AF\$
Jew

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Patent Application

Applicant(s): Brown et al.
Docket No.: YOR920000807US1
Serial No.: 09/713,075
Filing Date: November 15, 2000
Group: 2654
Examiner: Lamont M. Spooner

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited on this date with the U.S. Postal Service as first class mail addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Signature:  Date: May 18, 2006

Title: System and Method for Finding the Most Likely Answer to a Natural Language Question

TRANSMITTAL OF APPEAL BRIEF

Mail Stop Appeal Brief - Patents
Commissioner of Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

Submitted herewith are the following documents relating to the above-identified patent application:

1. Request to Reinstate Appeal;
2. Appeal Brief; and
3. Copy of Notice of Appeal, filed on November 9, 2005, with copy of stamped return postcard indicating receipt of Notice by PTO on November 14, 2005.

There is an additional fee of \$500 due in conjunction with this submission under 37 CFR §41.20(b)(2). Please charge **IBM Corporation's Deposit Account No. 50-0510** the amount of \$500 to cover this fee. In the event of non-payment or improper payment of a required fee, the Commissioner is authorized to charge or to credit **IBM Corporation's Deposit Account No. 50-0510** as required to correct the error. A duplicate copy of this letter is enclosed.

Respectfully,



Kevin M. Mason
Attorney for Applicant(s)
Reg. No. 36,597
Ryan, Mason & Lewis, LLP
1300 Post Road, Suite 205
Fairfield, CT 06824
(203) 255-6560

Date: May 18, 2006



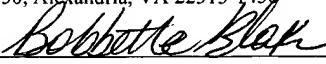
Docket No. YOR920000807US1

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Patent Application

Applicant(s) Brown et al.
Docket No.: YOR920000807US1
Serial No.: 09/713,075
Filing Date: November 15, 2000
Group: 2654
Examiner: Lamont M. Spooner

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited on this date with the U.S. Postal Service as first class mail addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Signature:  Date: May 18, 2006

Title: System and Method for Finding the Most Likely Answer to a Natural Language Question

REQUEST TO REINSTATE APPEAL

Mail Stop Appeal Brief - Patents
Commissioner of Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

Applicants hereby request to reinstate the appeal. Applicants' Appeal Brief was submitted on December 2, 2005. A new Office Action was mailed on February 22, 2006.

The attention of the Examiner and the Appeal Board to this matter is appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,



Kevin M. Mason
Attorney for Applicant(s)
Reg. No. 36,597
Ryan, Mason & Lewis, LLP
1300 Post Road, Suite 205
Fairfield, CT 06824
(203) 255-6560

Dated: May 18, 2006



Docket No.: YOR920000807US1

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Patent Application

5

Applicant(s): Brown et al.
Docket No.: YOR920000807US1
Serial No.: 09/713,075
Filing Date: November 15, 2000
10 Group: 2654
Examiner: Lamont M. Spooner

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited on this date with the U.S. Postal Service as first class mail addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Signature: *Bobbett Blake* Date: May 18, 2006

Title: System and Method for Finding the Most Likely Answer to a Natural Language Question

15

APPEAL BRIEF

20 Mail Stop Appeal Brief - Patents
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

25 Sir:

Applicants hereby appeal the non-final rejection dated February 22, 2006, of claims 1 through 12 of the above-identified patent application.

30

REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

An assignment was filed on November 4, 2005, assigning the present application to International Business Machines Corporation. The assignee, International Business Machines Corporation, is the real party in interest.

35

RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

There are no related appeals and interferences.

05/23/2006 MAHMED1 00000018 500510 09713075

01 FC:1402 500.00 DA

STATUS OF CLAIMS

Claims 1 through 12 are pending in the above-identified patent application. Claims 1-4, 6-8, 10, and 11 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by Kupiec (United States Patent Number 5,696,962) and claims 5, 9, 5 and 12 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Kupiec in view of Braden-Harder et al. (United States Patent Number 5,933,822).

STATUS OF AMENDMENTS

There have been no amendments filed subsequent to the non-final 10 rejection.

SUMMARY OF CLAIMED SUBJECT MATTER

The present invention is directed to automated question answering that relates to the selection of an answer to a question from a pool of potential answers which 15 are manually or automatically extracted from a large collection of textual documents (page 5, line 18, to page 7, line 17). The feature extraction component, a feature combination component, an answer selection component, and an answer presentation component, among others, are included (page 7, line 18, to page 9, line 6). The input to the system is a set of one or more natural language questions and a collection of textual 20 documents (page 9, lines 15-22). The output is a (possibly ranked) set of factual answers to the questions, these answers being extracted from the document collection (page 9, line 23, to page 10, line 5).

In one exemplary embodiment, a method for selecting answers to natural language questions from a collection of textual documents is disclosed, comprising the 25 steps of: extracting scoring features from a candidate list of passages of possible answers (page 5, line 24, to page 8, line 22); scoring the possible answers using the extracted features and a feature scoring function (page 7, line 18, to page 8, line 22); and presenting the best scoring possible answer to the user with context from the passage containing the answer (page 8, line 27, to page 10, line 5).

In another exemplary embodiment, a computer system that extracts answers to natural language questions from a large collection of textual documents is disclosed, consisting of one or more of the following modules: a feature extraction module; a feature combination module, containing a “feature extraction” and “compute composite score” components; an answer selection module; and an answer presentation module (page 7, line 18, to page 9, line 6).

In one exemplary embodiment, a computer program product is disclosed that performs the steps of: determining a feature scoring function during a training phase either manually or via a machine learning algorithm applied to a set of training questions, corresponding answer passages, and certain extracted features (page 5, line 24, to page 8, line 26); and during an execution phase, extracting certain features from questions and corresponding possible answer phrases, applying the feature scoring function determined during the training phase to score each possible answers phrase (page 5, line 24, to page 8, line 26), selecting one or more of the best scoring answer phrases (page 8, line 1, to page 10, line 5), and displaying the answer phrases to the user with optional additional context from the answer passages (page 8, line 27, to page 10, line 5).

In another exemplary embodiment, the parameters of the scoring function are learned by a machine learning algorithm (pages 6-10).

20 STATEMENT OF GROUNDS OF REJECTION TO BE REVIEWED ON APPEAL

Claims 1-4, 6-8, 10, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by Kupiec and claims 5, 9, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Kupiec in view of Braden-Harder et al.

25 ARGUMENT

Independent Claims 1, 7 and 12

Independent claims 1 and 7 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by Kupiec and claim 12 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Kupiec in view of Braden-Harder et al. Regarding claims 1 and 7, the Examiner asserts that Kupiec discloses scoring the possible answers using the extracted

features and a feature scoring function (col. 31, lines 60-63). Regarding claim 12, the Examiner asserts that Kupiec teaches scoring each possible answer phrase.

Appellants note that the present invention is directed to selecting *answers* to natural language questions “from a pool of potential answers which are manually or 5 automatically extracted from a large collection of textual documents.” (Page 1, lines 9-11.) An “answer” is defined as “a statement (either spoken or written) that is made in reply to a question or request or criticism or accusation.” (See, dictionary.com) Thus, answers are *not documents* but are *short snippets or “snippets of text (e.g., phrases) which provide the exact answer to the question.”* (See, definition on page 1, lines 21-23, 10 of the present disclosure.)

Appellants also note that Kupiec teaches that “the relevant *articles are heuristically scored* according to the degree and number of matches with the phrases of the input question...*After scoring, the relevant articles are ranked according to their scores.*” (Col. 31, lines 34-41; emphasis added.) After the hypothetical answers are 15 extracted, Kupiec teaches that “answer hypotheses are *scored on a per-article basis according to the sum of the scores of the articles in which they occur.*” (Col. 31, lines 52-62; emphasis added.) Kupiec teaches that answer scores are *based on the article scores*; Kupiec does *not* disclose or suggest that answer scores are *based on scoring features of possible answers.*

20 In addition, although Braden-Hader utilizes natural language processing to identify documents that are relevant to a query, Braden-Hader discloses that the processor “presents the retained *documents* to the user rank-ordered based on their score.” (Col. 8, lines 2-4; emphasis added.) As with most conventional search engines, Braden-Hader simply ranks and returns documents. Braden-Hader does not attempt to 25 *score answers and present answers, as defined in the present invention and as would be understood by a person of ordinary skill in the art, and does not attempt to present answers with context from a relevant passage.* Independent claim 1 requires extracting *scoring features* from a candidate list of passages of *possible answers*; *scoring the possible answers* using the extracted features and a feature scoring function; and 30 presenting the best scoring possible *answer* to the user *with context from the passage*

containing the answer. Independent claim 7 requires a feature combination module, containing a “*feature extraction*” and “*compute composite score*” components; an *answer selection module* and an *answer presentation module*, and independent claim 12 requires scoring “*each possible answer phrase, selecting one or more of the best scoring answer phrases, and displaying the answer phrases to the user.*”

Thus, Kupiec and Braden-Harder et al., alone or in combination, do not disclose or suggest extracting scoring features from a candidate list of passages of possible answers; scoring the possible answers using the extracted features and a feature scoring function; and presenting the best scoring possible answer to the user with context from the passage containing the answer, as required by claim 1, do not disclose or suggest a feature combination module, containing a “*feature extraction*” and “*compute composite score*” components; an *answer selection module* and an *answer presentation module*, as required by independent claim 7, and do not disclose or suggest scoring each possible answer phrase, selecting one or more of the best scoring answer phrases, and displaying the answer phrases to the user, as required by independent claim 12.

Claims 5 and 9

Claims 5 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Kupiec in view of Braden-Harder et al. In particular, the Examiner acknowledges that Kupiec lacks teaching that “the parameters of the scoring function are learned by a machine learning algorithm,” but asserts that Braden-Harder discloses this limitation (FIGS. 8A and 8B; col. 17, lines 16-67; col. 18, lines 1-24; col. 25, lines 41-48).

Appellants note that the text cited by the Examiner is directed to “the manner through which our invention (Braden-Harder) compares and weights matching logical form triples, and ranks corresponding documents.” (Col. 17, lines 5-7.) Appellants could find no disclosure or suggestion by Braden-Harder, however, that “the *parameters of the scoring function* are learned by a machine learning algorithm.”

Thus, Kupiec and Braden-Harder et al., alone or in combination, do not disclose or suggest that the parameters of the scoring function are learned by a machine learning algorithm, as required by claims 5 and 9.

Conclusion

The rejections of the cited claims under sections 102 and 103 in view of Kupiec and Braden-Harder et al., alone or in combination, are therefore believed to be improper and should be withdrawn. The remaining rejected dependent claims are 5 believed allowable for at least the reasons identified above with respect to the independent claims.

The attention of the Examiner and the Appeal Board to this matter is appreciated.

Respectfully,

10



Date: May 18, 2006

15

Kevin M. Mason
Attorney for Applicant(s)
Reg. No. 36,597
Ryan, Mason & Lewis, LLP
1300 Post Road, Suite 205
Fairfield, CT 06824
(203) 255-6560

APPENDIX

1. A method for selecting answers to natural language questions from a collection of textual documents comprising the steps of:

5 extracting scoring features from a candidate list of passages of possible answers;

scoring the possible answers using the extracted features and a feature scoring function; and

10 presenting the best scoring possible answer to the user with context from the passage containing the answer.

2. A method as in claim 1, wherein the features used to score possible answers consists of one or more of the following features: a semantic type of a current suspected answer, a position of the suspected answer among all suspected answers within

15 all document passages, a position of the suspected answer among all suspected answers within the given passage, a number of suspected answers of a given semantic type retrieved within a given passage, a number of words in a suspected answer that do not appear in the user question, a position of the semantic type in the list of potential semantic types for the question, an average distance in words between the beginning of

20 the potential answer and the words in the question that also appear in the passage, a passage relevance as computed by the information retrieval engine, a frequency of a given potential answer on the list, a semantic relation between words from the question and words from the potential answer, and a strength score that is a function of the relevance score.

25

3. A method as in claim 2, wherein the feature scoring function is a linear combination of weighted features.

4. A method as in claim 3, wherein the parameters of the scoring function

30 are manually determined.

5. A method as in claim 3, wherein the parameters of the scoring function
are learned by a machine learning algorithm.

6. A method as in claim 1 where the candidate list of passages of possible
5 answers is obtained from the collection of documents using an information retrieval
engine

7. A computer system that extracts answers to natural language questions
from a large collection of textual documents consisting of one or more of the following
10 modules:

a feature extraction module;
a feature combination module, containing a “feature extraction” and
“compute composite score” components;
an answer selection module; and
15 an answer presentation module.

8. A computer system, as in claim 7, wherein the feature extraction
module extracts one or more of the following features: a semantic type of the current
suspected answer, a position of the suspected answer among all suspected answers within
20 all document passages, a position of the suspected answer among all suspected answers
within the given passage, a number of suspected answers of a given semantic type
retrieved within a given passage, a number of words in an suspected answer that do not
appear in the user question, a position of the semantic type in the list of potential
semantic types for the question, an average distance in words between the beginning of
25 the potential answer and the words in the question that also appear in the passage, a
passage relevance as computed the retrieval engine, a frequency of a given potential
answer on the list, a semantic relation between words from the question and words from
the potential answer, and a strength score that is a function of the relevance score.

9. A computer system as in claim 7, wherein the feature combination module employs a feature scoring function with parameters learned by a machine learning method.

5 10. A computer system as in claim 7, wherein the answer selection module selects the answer with the best score obtained from the feature combination module.

11. A computer system as in claim 7, wherein the answer presentation module shows the top scored answer within the context as specified by a user or a
10 system.

12. A computer program product that performs the steps of:

determining a feature scoring function during a training phase either manually or via a machine learning algorithm applied to a set of training questions,
15 corresponding answer passages, and certain extracted features; and

during an execution phase, extracting certain features from questions and corresponding possible answer phrases, applying the feature scoring function determined during the training phase to score each possible answers phrase, selecting one or more of the best scoring answer phrases, and displaying the answer phrases to the user with
20 optional additional context from the answer passages.

EVIDENCE APPENDIX

There is no evidence submitted pursuant to § 1.130, 1.131, or 1.132 or entered by the Examiner and relied upon by appellant.

RELATED PROCEEDINGS APPENDIX

There are no known decisions rendered by a court or the Board in any proceeding identified pursuant to paragraph (c)(1)(ii) of 37 CFR 41.37.



PTO/SB/31 (02-01)

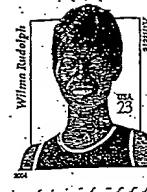
Approved for use through 10/31/2002. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

NOTICE OF APPEAL FROM THE EXAMINER TO THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES		Docket Number (Optional) YOR920000807US1							
<p>I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to "Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington D.C. 20231" on <u>November 9, 2005</u>.</p> <p>Signature <u>Susan Fortuna</u></p> <p>Typed or printed name <u>Susan Fortuna</u></p>		<p>In re Application of <u>Brown et al.</u></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Application Number <u>09/713,075</u></td> <td>Filed <u>November 15, 2000</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">For <u>System and Method for Finding the Most Likely Answer to a Natural Language Question</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Group Art Unit <u>2654</u></td> <td>Examiner <u>Lamont M. Spooner</u></td> </tr> </table>		Application Number <u>09/713,075</u>	Filed <u>November 15, 2000</u>	For <u>System and Method for Finding the Most Likely Answer to a Natural Language Question</u>		Group Art Unit <u>2654</u>	Examiner <u>Lamont M. Spooner</u>
Application Number <u>09/713,075</u>	Filed <u>November 15, 2000</u>								
For <u>System and Method for Finding the Most Likely Answer to a Natural Language Question</u>									
Group Art Unit <u>2654</u>	Examiner <u>Lamont M. Spooner</u>								
<p>Applicant hereby appeals to the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences from the last decision of the examiner.</p> <p>The fee for this Notice of Appeal is (37 CFR 1.17(b)) <u>\$500.00</u>.</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27. Therefore, the fee shown above is reduced by half, and the resulting fee is: <u>\$</u> _____. </p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of the fee is enclosed. </p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. </p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner has already been authorized to charge fees in this application to a Deposit Account. I have enclosed a duplicate copy of this sheet. </p> <p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>50-0510</u>. I have enclosed a duplicate copy of this sheet. </p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> A petition for an extension of time under 37 CFR 1.136(a) (PTO/SB/22) is enclosed. </p>									
<p>WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.</p> <p>I am the</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> applicant/inventor. <input type="checkbox"/> assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed. (Form PTO/SB/96) </p> <p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> attorney or agent of record. <input type="checkbox"/> attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34(a). Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34(a). </p> <p> <u>Kevin M. Mason</u> Signature <u>Kevin M. Mason</u> Typed or printed name <u>November 9, 2005</u> Date </p> <p>NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*.</p>									
<p><input type="checkbox"/> *Total of <u>1</u> forms are submitted.</p>									

Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

COPY



Ryan, Mason & Lewis, LLP
Attorneys At Law
1300 Post Road
Suite 205
Fairfield, Ct 06824

Receipt in the USPTO is hereby acknowledged of:

Transmittal Letter - (Original & 1 copy)
Notice of Appeal - (Original & 1 copy)

November 9, 2005
Serial No.: 09/713,075
YOR920000807US1
1500-546 (KMM)

REIVED
NOV 17 2005



COPY